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United States Bankruptcy Court

CENTRAL

District of

CALIFORNIA

In re BACKMAN, MARTIN J. & MONICA G.
Debtor

Case No. _____

Chapter Seven

NOTICE TO INDIVIDUAL CONSUMER DEBTOR(S)

If you intend to file a petition for relief under the bankruptcy laws of the United States, and your debts are primarily consumer debts, the Clerk of Court is required to notify you of each chapter of the Bankruptcy Code under which you may seek relief. You may proceed under:

- Chapter 7 –** Liquidation, or
- Chapter 11 –** Reorganization, or
- Chapter 12 –** Adjustments of Debts for Family Farmer with Regular Annual Income, or
- Chapter 13 –** Adjustment of Debts of an Individual with Regular Income

If you have any questions regarding the information contained in this notice, you should consult with your attorney.

Clerk of Court

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

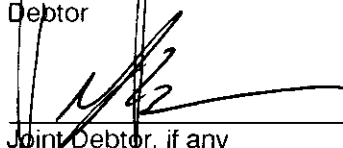
I hereby certify that I have read this notice.

DATED: _____

10-12-00



Debtor



Joint Debtor, if any

INSTRUCTIONS: *If the debtor is an individual, a copy of this notice personally signed by the debtor must accompany any bankruptcy petition filed with the Clerk. If filed by joint debtors, the notice must be personally signed by each. Failure to comply may result in the petition not being accepted for filing.*

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

NOTICE TO INDIVIDUAL CONSUMER DEBTOR

The purpose of this notice is to acquaint you with the four chapters of the federal Bankruptcy Code under which you may file a bankruptcy petition. The bankruptcy law is complicated and not easily described. Therefore, you should seek the advice of an attorney to learn of your rights and responsibilities under the law should you decide to file a petition with the court. Neither the judge nor the court's employees may provide you with legal advice.

Chapter 7: Liquidation (\$¹³⁰~~100~~ filing fee plus \$30 administrative fee) \$200.00

1. Chapter 7 is designed for debtors in financial difficulty who do not have the ability to pay their existing debts.
2. Under Chapter 7 a trustee takes possession of all your property. You may claim certain of your property as exempt under governing law. The trustee then liquidates the property and uses the proceeds to pay your creditors according to priorities of the Bankruptcy Code.
3. The purpose of filing a chapter 7 case is to obtain a discharge of your existing debts. If, however, you are found to have committed certain kinds of improper conduct described in the Bankruptcy Code, your discharge may be denied by the court, and the purpose for which you filed the bankruptcy petition will be defeated.
4. Even if you receive a discharge, there are some debts that are not discharged under the law. Therefore, you may still be responsible for such debts as certain taxes and student loans, alimony and support payments, criminal restitution, and debts for death or personal injury caused by driving while intoxicated from alcohol or drugs.
5. Under certain circumstances you may keep property that you have purchased subject to a valid security interest. Your attorney can explain the options that are available to you.

Chapter 13: Repayment of All or Part of the Debts of an Individual with Regular Income (\$130 filing fee plus \$30 administrative fee)

1. Chapter 13 is designed for individuals with regular income who are temporarily unable to pay their debts but would like to pay them in installments over a period of time. You are only eligible for chapter 13 if your debts do not exceed certain dollar amounts set forth in the Bankruptcy Code.
2. Under chapter 13 you must file a plan with the court to repay your creditors all or part of the money that you owe them, using your future earnings. Usually the period allowed by the court to repay your debts is three years, but no more than five years. Your plan must be approved by the court before it can take effect.
3. Under Chapter 13, unlike chapter 7, you may keep all your property, both exempt and non-exempt, as long as you continue to make payments under the plan.
4. After completion of payments under your plan, your debts are discharged except alimony and support payments, student loans, certain debts including criminal fines and restitution and debts for death or personal injury caused by driving while intoxicated from alcohol or drugs, and long term secured obligations.

Chapter 11: Reorganization (\$800 filing fee)

Chapter 11 is designed primarily for the reorganization of a business but is also available to consumer debtors. Its provisions are quite complicated, and any decision by an individual to file a chapter 11 petition should be reviewed with an attorney.

Chapter 12: Family Farmer (\$200 filing fee)

Chapter 12 is designed to permit family farmers to repay their debts over a period of time from future earnings and is in many ways similar to a chapter 13. The eligibility requirements are restrictive, limiting its use to those whose income arises primarily from a family-owned farm.

I, the debtor, affirm that I have read this notice.

10-12-00

Date

Signature of Debtor

Case Number